



**SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT**

GOALS

As supported by:



GENELEC

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development

SDG 17 focuses on a global partnership for sustainable development. The goal highlights the importance of global macroeconomic stability and the need to mobilise financial resources for developing countries from international sources, as well as through strengthened domestic capacities for revenue collection.

Enhanced support to developing countries to increase the availability of quality statistical data and develop measures of progress on the SDGs is also seen essential for delivering on the sustainable development objectives. Monitoring SDG 17 in an EU context focuses on progress made in strengthening global partnership and in improving the financial governance in the EU

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience:

TCs with deliverables supporting less developed countries and the Global efforts to meet the SDGs with regard to Finance, Technology, Capacity Building, Trade and Systemic issues.

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 17, including:

- Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development
- average working hours per week, including overtime

Targets to be met:

Finance

17.1 Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection

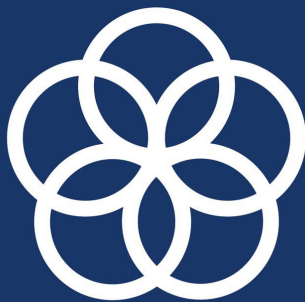
17.2 Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of ODA/GNI to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries

17.3 Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources

17.4 Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress

17.5 Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries

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Targets to be met (cont):

Technology

17.6 Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism

17.7 Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed

17.8 Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology Capacitybuilding

17.9 Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the sustainable development goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation

Trade

17.10 Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda

17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020

17.13 Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence

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Targets to be met (cont):

17.14 Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development

17.15 Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development

Multi-stakeholder partnerships

17.16 Enhance the global partnership for sustainable development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the sustainable development goals in all countries, in particular developing countries

17.17 Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships Data, monitoring and accountability

17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts

17.19 By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in

16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS



Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

SDG 16 focuses on responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making, with an enhanced role of developing countries in institutions of global governance.

Links for more information:

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Target Audience:

TCs with deliverables in areas such as building capacity and sustainable management of institutions.

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 16, including:

- significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere;
- end abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children;
- promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all;

Targets to be met:

16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere

16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children

16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all

16.4 By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime

16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms

16.6 Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels

16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels

16.8 Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance

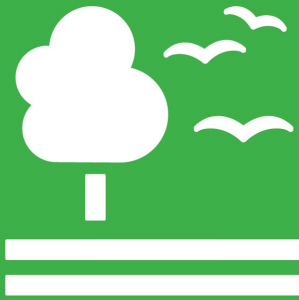
16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration

16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements

16.a Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime

16.b Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development

15 LIFE ON LAND



Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

SDG 15 focuses on the health of ecosystems, in which we and all other species depend is deteriorating more rapidly than ever, affecting the very foundations of our economies, livelihoods, food security, health and quality of life worldwide. Human activity has altered almost 75 per cent of the earth's surface, squeezing wildlife and nature into an ever-smaller corner of the planet. Around 1 million animal and plant species are threatened with extinction.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience: TCs with deliverables in areas such as forestry, biodiversity, zoonotic diseases, conservation, restoration and sustainable use of land, soil inland freshwater and mountain ecosystems, protection of threatened species, trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna, management of invasive alien species.

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 15, including:

- ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of forests, wetlands,
- mountains and drylands
- promote sustainable forest management, halt deforestation, restore degraded
- forests and increase afforestation and reforestation
- end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna
- reduce the impact of invasive alien species
- integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning,
- development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts

Targets to be met:

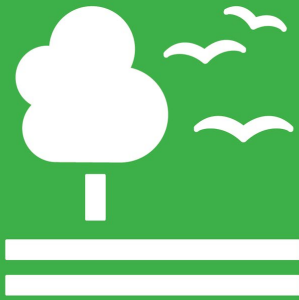
15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements

15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally

15.3 By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation neutral world

15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development

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Targets to be met (cont):

15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species

15.6 Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed

15.7 Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products

15.8 By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species

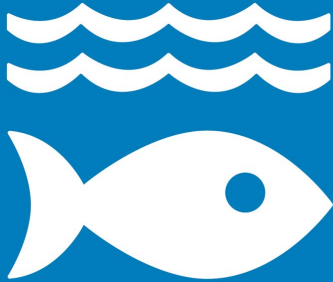
15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts

15.a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems

15.b Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation

15.c Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities

14 LIFE BELOW WATER



Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources

SDG 14 focuses on rainwater, drinking water, weather, climate, coastlines, much of our food, and even the oxygen in the air we breathe, are all ultimately provided and regulated by the sea. Over three billion people depend on marine and coastal biodiversity for their livelihoods. There is a continuous deterioration of coastal waters owing to pollution, and ocean acidification is having an adversarial effect on the functioning of ecosystems and biodiversity. Roughly 80 per cent of marine and coastal pollution originates on land – including agricultural run-off, pesticides, plastics and untreated sewage. In the EU marine waters, the most pressing issues are habitat alteration, biodiversity loss, over-exploitation of marine resources and pollution from both land- and sea-based sources.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience: TCs with deliverables in areas such as ocean health, fishing, marine biodiversity, marine pollution, ocean acidification, conservation of marine and coastal areas and ecosystem

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 14, including:

- prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution
- sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems
- minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification
- effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices
- increase the economic benefits from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism

Targets to be met:

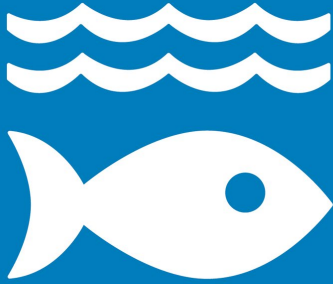
14.1 By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution

14.2 By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans

14.3 Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels

14.4 By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics

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Targets to be met (cont):

14.5 By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information

14.6 By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation

14.7 By 2030, increase the economic benefits to small island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism

14.a Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries

14.b Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets

14.c Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of “The future we want”

13 CLIMATE ACTION



Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impact

SDG 13 focuses on climate change. Climate change is caused by anthropogenic emissions of CO₂ and other greenhouse gasses. It is affecting every country on every continent. It is disrupting national economies and affecting lives. Weather patterns are changing, sea levels are rising, and weather events are becoming more extreme.

The decarbonization of all aspects of our economy has to be accelerated and the ability to deal with the impacts of climate change has to be strengthened.

In an EU context the focus is on progress made in climate mitigation efforts, in reducing climate impacts and in supporting climate action

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Target Audience: TCs with deliverables addressing climate change mitigation efforts, reducing climate impacts and supporting climate action

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 13, including:

- strengthening of resilience and adaptive capacity to climate related hazards and natural disasters
- integration of climate change measures into policies, strategies and planning
- education, awareness-raising on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning
- Promoting mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management

Targets to be met:

13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate related hazards and natural disasters in all countries

13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning

13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning

13.a Implement the commitment undertaken by developed country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible

13.b Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION



Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

SDG 12 focuses on economic and social progress over the last century has been accompanied by environmental degradation that is endangering the planet. Sustainable consumption and production is about decoupling economic growth from environmental degradation, adoption of sustainable practices by businesses and promoting environmentally-aware lifestyles of consumers. It can also contribute to poverty alleviation and the transition towards low-carbon and green economies.

In an EU context SDG 12 focuses on progress made in decoupling environmental impacts from economic growth, in decreasing its energy consumption and in tackling waste generation and management.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience: TCs with deliverables addressing management and efficient use of natural resources, reduction of food waste, environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes, provide sustainable practices and sustainability information, sustainable public procurement, sustainable tourism

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 12, including:

- management and efficient use of natural resources
- reduction of food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses
- environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle and significant reduction of their release to air, water and soil
- substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse

Targets to be met:

12.1 Implement the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries

12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources

12.3 By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses

12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment

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Targets to be met (cont):

12.5 By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse

12.6 Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle

12.7 Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities

12.8 By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature

12.a Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production

12.b Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products

12.c Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities

11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



Make cities inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

SDG 11 focuses on sustainable cities. The world is becoming increasingly urbanized. Since 2007, more than half the world's population has been living in cities, and that share is projected to rise to 60 per cent by 2030. Rapid urbanization is exerting pressure on fresh water supplies, sewage, the living environment, and public health. Cities account for between 60 and 80 per cent of energy consumption and generate as much as 70 per cent of human-induced greenhouse gas emissions. In Europe, around 320 million people or almost three-quarters of the EU population, live in urban areas with the same challenges accounted for above.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience: TC with deliverables in areas such as housing, social services, accessibility, waste management, wastewater treatment, air and noise pollution, traffic safety, public transport

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 11, including:

- ensure access to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services
- provide safe, affordable, accessible sustainable transport systems
- improve road safety
- enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and participatory planning of such
- protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage
- improve disaster prevention and management
- reduce environmental impact of cities, including air quality and waste and wastewater management
- provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces

Targets to be met:

11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums

11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons

11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries

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[UN](#)



Targets to be met:

11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage

11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations

11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management

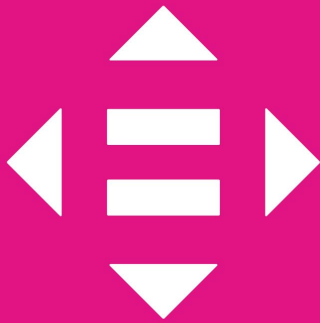
11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities

11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning

11.b By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels

11.c Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials

10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES



Reduce inequalities within and among countries

SDG 10 focuses on addressing infrastructure investments, access to financial services, environmental investments, research and development and technological legacies. It promotes inclusive and sustainable industrialization as a core driver for ending poverty and improving standards of living of all people. In the EU SDG 10 calls for : building resilient and sustainable infrastructure, which supports sustainable development and human well-being; fostering innovation by enhancing scientific research and technology development, and by upgrading technological capabilities of industrial actors; increased access to financial services for small-scale enterprises and to bridge the digital divide by increasing access to information and communication technologies; enhanced international cooperation and support to developing countries.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

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Target Audience: TCs with deliverables in areas such as employment, social, political and economic inequalities

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 10, including:

- the percentage of total employees covered by collective bargaining agreements,
- benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees, by significant locations of operation,
- average hours of training per year per employee by gender, and by employee category,
- average working hours per week, including overtime.

Targets to be met:

10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average

10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status

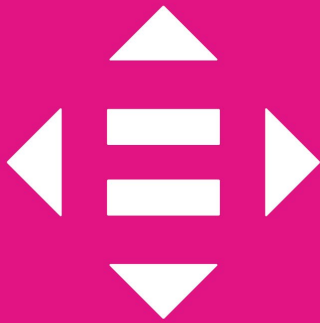
10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard

10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality

10.5 Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations

10.6 Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions

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Targets to be met:

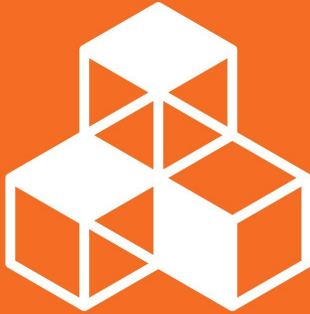
10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies

10.a Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements

10.b Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes

10.c By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



Build resilient infrastructure, promote sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

SDG 9 focuses on addressing infrastructure investments, access to financial services, environmental investments, research and development and technological legacies. It promotes inclusive and sustainable industrialization as a core driver for ending poverty and improving standards of living of all people. The targets and measures by 2030 are to raise significantly industry's share of employment and GDP in line with national circumstances; to upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes; encouraging innovation and increasing the number of R&D workers per one million people and public and private R&D spending.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

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Target Audience: TC acting in the areas of industries, infrastructure, ICT and innovation.

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 9, including:

- CO2 emission per unit of an economic indicator such as the value added.
- monetary value of products and services designed to deliver a specific
- social benefit for each business line broken down by purpose
- research and development activity and expenditure aimed at providing reliable electricity and promoting sustainable development

Targets to be met:

9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all

9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries

9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets

9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



Build resilient infrastructure, promote sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

SDG 9 focuses on addressing infrastructure investments, access to financial services, environmental investments, research and development and technological legacies. It promotes inclusive and sustainable industrialization as a core driver for ending poverty and improving standards of living of all people. The targets and measures by 2030 are to raise significantly industry's share of employment and GDP in line with national circumstances; to upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes; encouraging innovation and increasing the number of R&D workers per one million people and public and private R&D spending.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

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Targets to be met:

9.5 Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending

9.a Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States

9.b Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities

9.c Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020

8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



Promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth, employment and decent work for all

SDG 8 focuses on the importance of sustained economic growth and high levels of economic productivity for the creation of well-paid quality jobs and the achievement of global prosperity. The key business themes addressed by SDG 8 are: employment, economic inclusions, non-discrimination, capacity building, availability of a skilled workforce and elimination of forced or compulsory labor. The targets and indicators through 2030 are to improve progressively global resource efficiency in consumption and production, and endeavor to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation; to achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value and to devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism which creates jobs, promotes local culture and products.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience: TC with deliverables addressing the area of basic and health services, social protection, gender equality, labor rights, efficiency of resource use, sustainable tourism. .

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 8, including:

- the percentage of total employees covered by collective bargaining agreements
- benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees, by significant locations of operation
- average hours of training per year per employee by gender, and by employee category
- average working hours per week, including overtime

Targets to be met:

8.1 Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries

8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors

8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services

8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with de

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Links for more information:

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Targets to be met (cont):

8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value

8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training

8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms

8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment

8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products

8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all

8.a Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade related Technical assistance to Least Developed Countries

8.b By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization

7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY



Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

SDG 7 focuses on access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all. Modern society depends on reliable and affordable energy services to function smoothly and to develop equitably. Therefore, well-established, modern energy systems are needed with improved energy efficiency and increasing share of renewable energy. Intensive development patterns have historically relied on inexpensive and energy-dense fossil fuels, which also happen to be the primary source of greenhouse gas emissions contributing to climate change. However, new, clean technologies are available that can reorient development along a more sustainable trajectory. SDG 7 in an EU context involves looking at developments in energy consumption, energy supply and access to affordable energy

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

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Target Audience: TCs with deliverables addressing modern energy services, energy efficiency, renewable energy and transition to an affordable, reliable, and sustainable energy system.

- **Your TC is asked to** decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 7, including:
 - ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services
 - increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix
 - increase the rate of improvement in energy efficiency
 - enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy
 - expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all

Targets to be met:

7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services

7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix

7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency

7.a By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology

7.b By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support

6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION



Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

SDG 6 focuses on achieving addressing the issue of the critical importance of sanitation, hygiene and adequate access to clean water for preventing and containing diseases as the COVID-19 pandemic has demonstrated. Monitoring SDG 6 in an EU context focuses on progress made in sanitation efforts, in improving water quality and in increasing water use efficiency. TC has been chosen to provide information whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 6, including progress made in sanitation efforts, in improving water quality and in increasing water use efficiency.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience: TC with deliverables addressing drinking water services, sanitation services, domestic and industrial wastewater treatment and water resources management

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 6, including:

- ensuring universal access to safe and affordable drinking water, sanitation and hygiene, and ending open defecation.
- protecting and restoring water-related ecosystems such as forests, mountains, wetlands and rivers is essential for mitigating water scarcity, as is the implementation of integrated water resources management.
- more international cooperation to support developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programs; helping local communities to improve water and sanitation management

Targets to be met :

6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all

6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations

6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally

Targets to be met (cont):

6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from waterscarcity

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Links for more information:

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Targets to be met (cont):

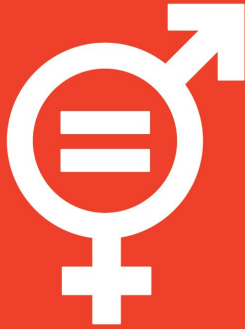
6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate

6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes

6.a By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies

6.b Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management

5 GENDER EQUALITY



Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impact

SDG 5 focuses on achieving gender equality by ending all forms of discrimination, violence, and any harmful practices against women and girls in the public and private spheres. It also recognises the importance of universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights for combating gender inequality.

SDG 5 calls for equal rights, recognition and value of unpaid care and domestic work and access to economic and natural resources, technology, basic and financial services and property as well as full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of political and economic decision-making for women. The adoption of sound policies and legislation to promote gender equality are seen as essential for eliminating gender discrimination and fostering women's empowerment. As a commitment to SDG 5, CEN and CENELEC have both signed the UNECE Gender Responsive Standards Initiative [link](#).

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience: TCs with deliverables for products or services impacting persons and that could contribute to gender equality in the access to economic and natural resources, technology, finance and property, and deliverables seeking to eliminate gender discrimination and foster women's empowerment.

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 5, including:

- Any products or services impacting persons
- Childcare services and benefits
- Elderly care
- Access to sexual and reproductive healthcare services
- Equal remuneration for women and men
- Diversity and equal opportunity
- Women in leadership
- Workplace violence and harassment

Targets to be met:

- 5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere
- 5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
- 5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation
- 5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate
- 5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life

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Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Targets to be met (cont):

5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences

5.a Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws

5.b Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women

5.c Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels

4 QUALITY EDUCATION



Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impact

SDG 4 focuses on equitable and quality education through all stages of life. Apart from formal qualifications, SDG 4 also aims to increase the number of youth and adults having relevant skills for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship and envisions the elimination of gender and income disparities in access to education. The achievement of universal literacy and numeracy and the acquisition of knowledge and skills to promote sustainable development are also considered crucial for empowering people to live independent, healthy and sustainable lives. To accelerate progress, SDG 4 calls for building and upgrading educational facilities, expanding the number of higher education scholarships available to developing countries and increasing the supply of qualified teachers. Monitoring SDG 4 in an EU context focuses on progress made in promoting and increasing basic education, tertiary education and adult education.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience: TCs with deliverables in areas such as education, learning, and training to ensure a skilled workforce, or with impact on job creation and youth employment.

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 4, including:

- strengthening of resilience and adaptive capacity to climate related hazards and natural disasters
- integration of climate change measures into policies, strategies and planning
- education, awareness-raising on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning

Targets to be met:

- 4.1 Ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and Goal-4 effective learning outcomes
- 4.2 Ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education
- 4.3 Ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university
- 4.4 Substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship
- 4.5 Eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations
- 4.6 Ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy

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Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Targets to me bet (cont):

4.7 Ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development

4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, nonviolent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all

4.b Substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries

4.c Substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing states

3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING



Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

SDG3 focuses on various aspects of healthy life and healthy lifestyle, showing progress towards the targets with a measurement using indicators that fight communicable diseases, ensure reduction of mortality from non-communicable disease and promote mental health. Other indicators include reducing illnesses and deaths from hazardous chemicals and pollution, support research and development for universal access to affordable vaccines and medicines, as well as consider the infrastructure of the health system and health financing.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience: TCs in the medical or health, specifically those that focus on the reducing illness or death due to hazardous chemicals, pollution and/or address mental and physical well-being.

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 3, including:

- access to health and health-care
- reducing fatalities from disease and lack of resources

Targets to be met:

3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births

3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births

3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases

3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being

3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol

3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents

3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes

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Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Targets to be met (cont):

3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all

3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination

3.a Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate

3.b Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all

3.c Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States

3.d Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks

2 ZERO HUNGER



End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

SDG 2 focuses on more than a quarter of a billion people potentially at the brink of starvation, swift action needs to be taken to provide food and humanitarian relief to the most at-risk regions. After decades of steady decline, the number of people who suffer from hunger – as measured by the prevalence of undernourishment – began to slowly increase again in 2015. Current estimates show that nearly 690 million people are hungry, or 8.9 percent of the world population – up by 10 million people in one year and by nearly 60 million in five years.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)

[UN](#)



Target Audience: TCs with deliverables addressing food safety, plants and forestry, animal feed and livestock, agriculture, health and nutrition.

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 2, including:

- prevents stunting, anaemia in women aged 15-49 years
- Address the volume of production per labour unit in farming, pastoral or forestry enterprises
- Considers the proportion of agriculture in areas under productive and sustainable agriculture
- Addresses issues in the number of (a) plant and (b) animal genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium- or long-term conservation facilities
- Addresses rural infrastructure, agricultural research, or technological development of plant and livestock gene banks

Targets to be met:

2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round

2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons

2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment

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Links for more information:

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[UN](#)



Targets to be met (cont):

2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality

2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed

2.a Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries

2.b Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round

2.c Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility

1 NO POVERTY



End poverty in all its forms everywhere

SDG 1 focuses on addressing the issue of extreme poverty and recognises the effect the COVID-19 crisis risks in reversing what has been decades of progress in the fight against poverty. Ultimately, the goal wishes to eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day by the end of 2030. Monitoring SDG 1 in an EU context focuses on progress made in alleviating multidimensional poverty and in ensuring that the basic needs of EU citizens are met.

Links for more information:

[SDG Compass](#)
[UN](#)



Target Audience: TC with deliverables addressing access to economic and natural resources, as well as technology, property and basic and financial services..

Your TC is asked to decide whether TC deliverables can cover measures that serve in monitoring of SDG 1, including:

- Availability of products and services for those on low incomes
- Economic development in areas of high priority
- Access to quality essential health care services
- Access to WASH
- Electricity availability and reliability
- Non-discrimination

Targets to be met:

1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day

1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions

1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable

1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance

1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters